



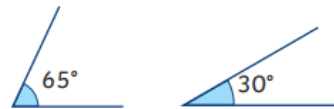
Key Learning

Property of shapes

- Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
- Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry

Acute angle

Any angle measuring more than 0 degrees and less than 90 degrees is acute.



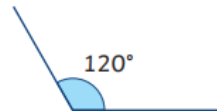
Right angle

The intersection of perpendicular lines creates a right angle.

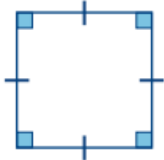


Obtuse angle

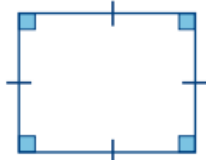
Any angle measuring more than 90 degrees but less than 180 degrees is obtuse.



A quadrilateral is a polygon with four sides.



A square has four sides of equal length and four right angles (90°). A square is also a rectangle, a rhombus and a parallelogram.



A rectangle has two pairs of parallel, equal sides and four right angles. A rectangle is also a parallelogram.

Position and Direction

- Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
- Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.

Write the coordinate for the under the sea objects.

